



Partnerships for Clean Energy Development USDOE/Office of Weatherization and International Programs (OWIP) Project Opportunities Workshop

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California Energy Commission
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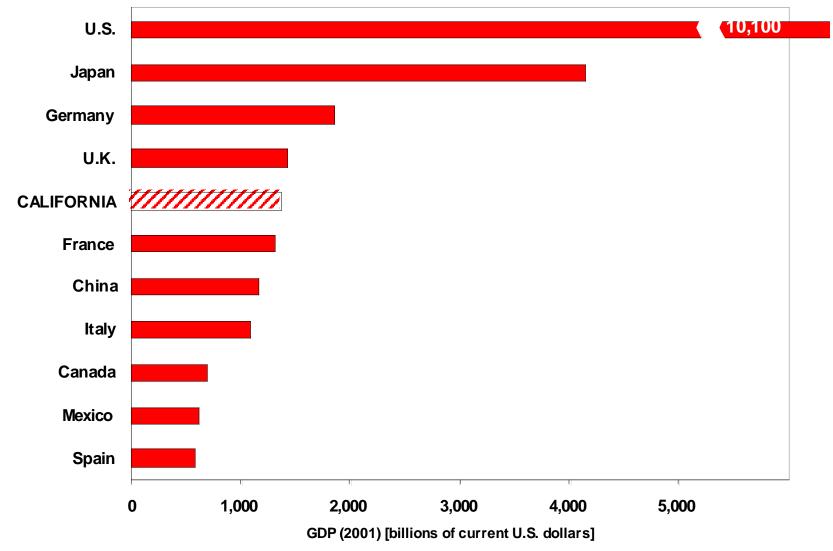
California in Context

- * Size of the economy
 - Gross state product in 2000 was about \$1.35 trillion
- * Population
 - Population grew from about 30 million in 1990 to about 34.5 million in 2002
- * History of encouraging economic growth, while maintaining an aggressive record for environmental protection



$GDP_{(2001)}$





California has Established a \$62M/yr Public Interest Energy Research Program (PIER)



Economy: Affordable Solutions

Reliable and Available

Environment: Protect and Enhance

California Must be Prepared to Face the Same Issues as Others Must

* Economics

- **Resource Competition**
- New technology market penetration
- Lifecycle analysis
- State/Federal laws

* Environment

- Impact of new technologies
- Climate change
- Sustainable practices

* Security

- Peak demand/demand response
- Infrastructure interdependencies

Energy Costs Fundamentally Affect our Overall Economy





PIER Must Address Future Market Scenarios: A Goal is to Provide Greater



End-User choice

Regulated

Status Quo

- New energy systems
- Same players

Centralized

De-centralized

- Same energy systems
- New players

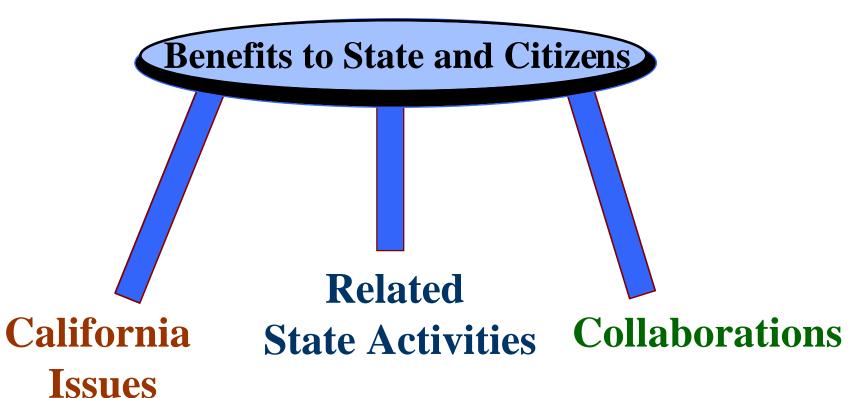
Supermarket of Choices

De-regulated



Policy and RD&D Must Be Linked in Order to Provide Benefits to the State





Our Success is Coupled to the Successes of our Technology Partnerships

- * Universities UCOP, standard contract
- * Industries funding, obtaining co-funding, pushing deployment
- * Federal Departments of Energy, Commerce, Agriculture
- * National Laboratories LBNL, NREL, LLNL, ORNL, NETL, SNL, ANL
- * State ARB, CDF, DWR, DOGGR, CFA, CPA, CPUC, DGS



RD&D Activities Should Connect with Synergistic State Regulatory, Incentive, and Subsidy Programs

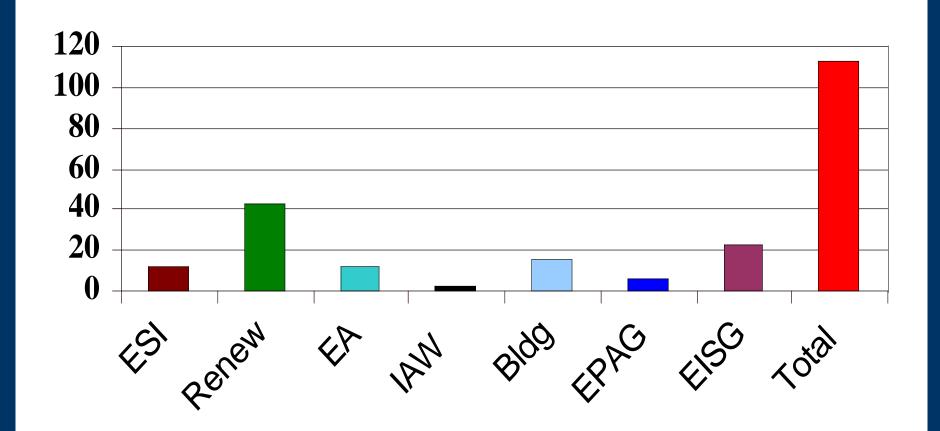
- * Buildings Titles 20 and 24
- * Renewables Renewable portfolio standard (RPS)
- * Environmentally-Preferred Advanced Generation 2007 ARB rules on distributed generation emissions
- * Energy Systems Integration CPUC/CEC initiatives in demand response/dynamic pricing, distributed energy resources, and transmission and distribution systems
- * Environmental Impacts/opportunities related to RPS, state initiatives (AB 1493) in climate change



\$ External Funding Into State Pier



(in \$ Millions)



Electricity Efficiency and Renewables: Goals of California Energy Action Plan 2003

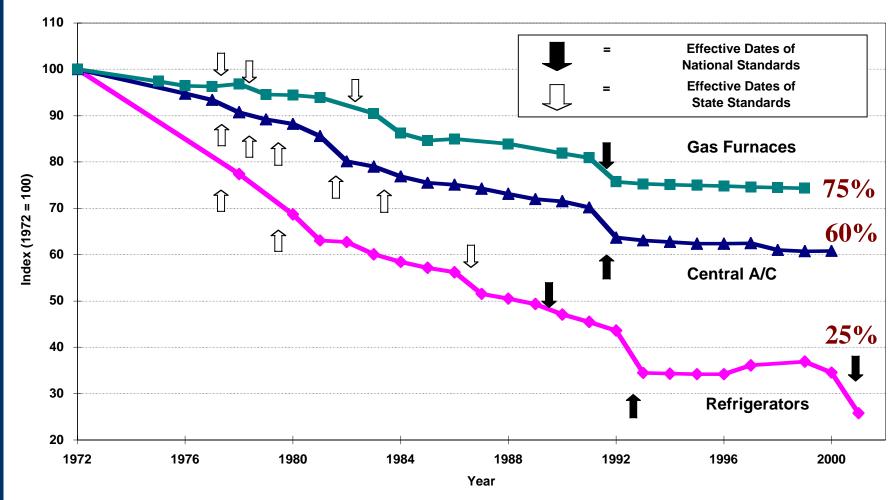
- * California kWh per capita is already flat compared to US climbing 2%/yr
- * New California goal is to reduce kWh per capita by 1% per year
- * Renewable Portfolio Standard: add 1% renewables per year
- * Additional peak reduction of 1% per year by Demand Response when power is inexpensive or reliability is a problem

In total, goals aim to reduce electricity growth, increase renewables, and grow demand response.



Impact of Standards on Efficiency of Three Appliances





Source: S. Nadel, ACEEE, in ECEEE 2003

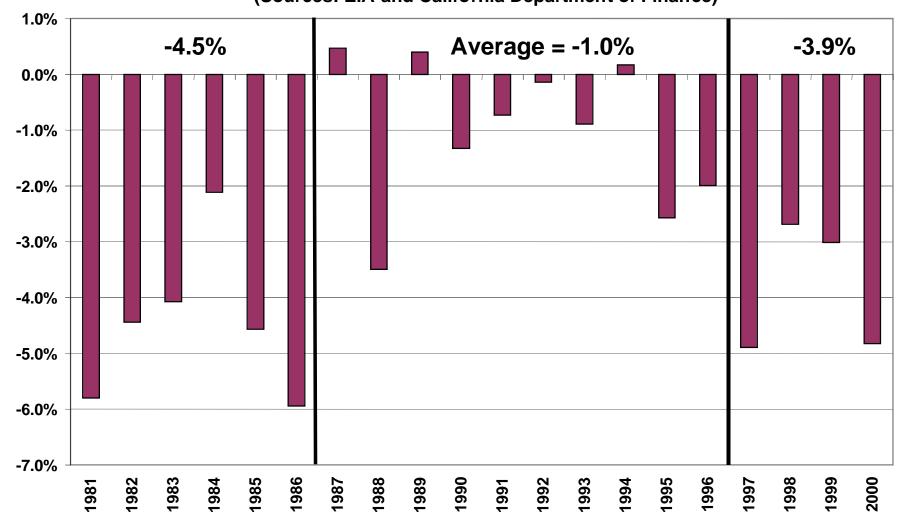
Summer Study, www.eceee.org



Annual Rate of Change in Energy/Gross pier **State Product for California**



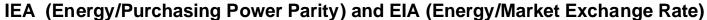
(Sources: EIA and California Department of Finance)

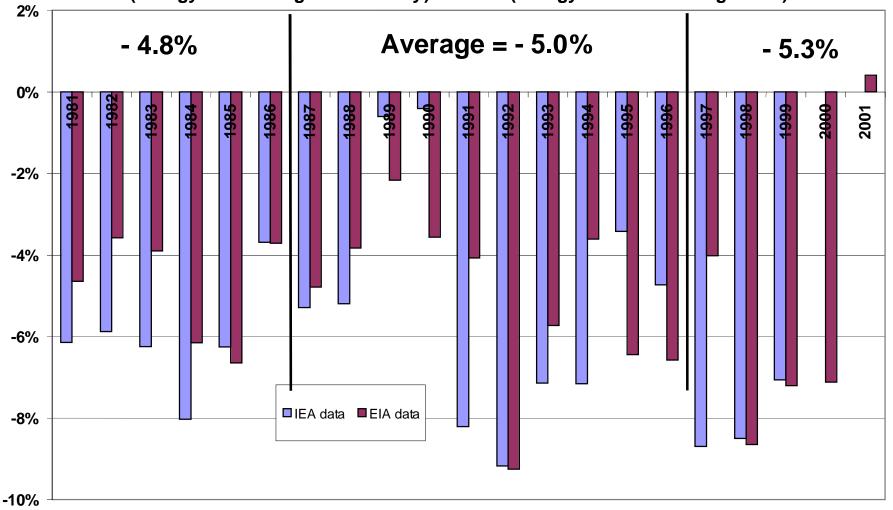




Annual Rate of Change in Energy/GDP for China





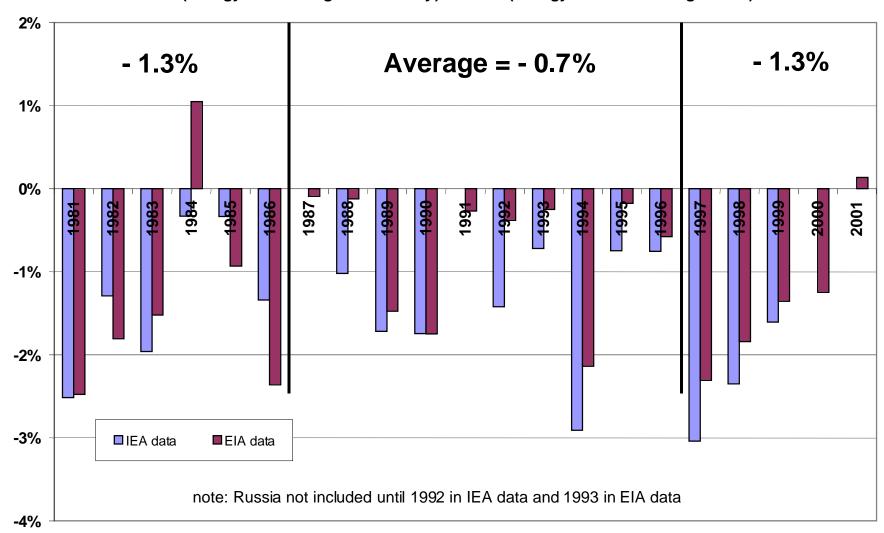




Annual Rate of Change in Energy/GDP for the World



IEA (Energy/Purchasing Power Parity) and EIA (Energy/Market Exchange Rate)





PIER Buildings Program Highlights Berkeley Lamp



- Model partnership between CEC/DOE/California utilities
 - PIER funded Phase 1 to develop task/ambient lamp concept
 - DOE funded Phase 2 to develop specific lamp configuration
 - PIER was instrumental in moving technology into the marketplace via coordination with utility Emerging Technology Coordinating Council

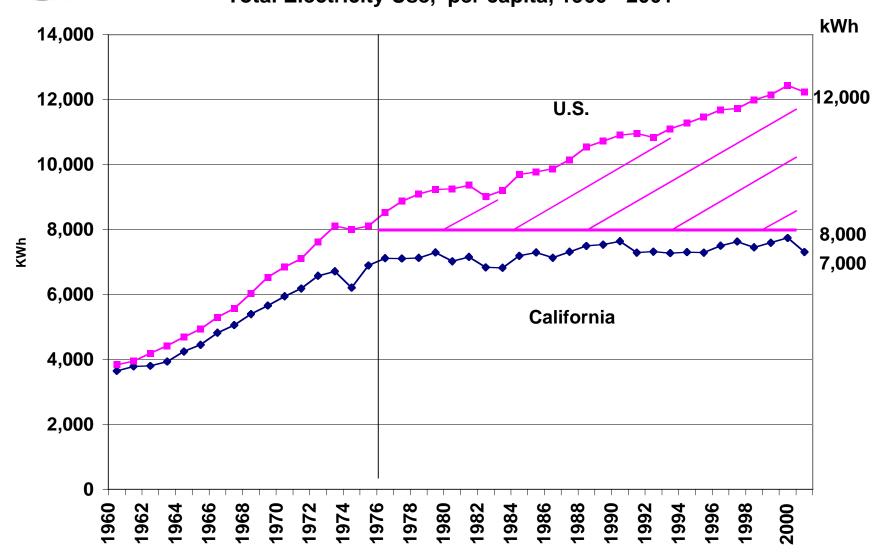


Project is both a technical success and a customer success





Total Electricity Use, per capita, 1960 - 2001







PowerLight's PowerGuard



While California is known for its hot dry summers, that same solar resource provides a clean, safe and reliable way to generate electricity



PowerLight's insulated 30 year roof system reduces building air conditioning loads while it's PV surface generates electricity during hot and expensive peak summer hours



The Yolo County Success



Accomplishments

- Is opening the way for landfill gas electricity systems to be more widely used in California
 - Accelerates gas production from over 30 years to less than 10 years, making landfill electricity more competitive
 - Reduces volume of landfill which can extend landfill life by 20 percent
 - Significantly reduces the chance for groundwater pollution from leachate release
- Has become the leading bioreactor project within EPA's XL Program and will strongly influence landfill regulations across the country

CEC's Role

Through the CEC's R&D programs, we're bringing bioreactor technology from concept to reality



Control cell without bioreactor



Enhanced bioreactor cell



Xonon Cool Combustion System - Catalytica Energy Systems, Inc.

pier

Description:

* Gas turbine combustion system that controls combustion temperature to prevent the formation of NO_X

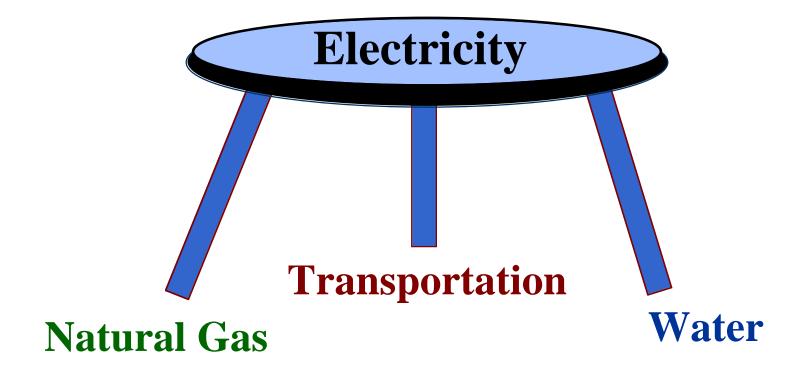
Benefits:

- * Lower NO_X emissions without SCR
- * Allows deployment of smaller turbines for DG
- * Expandable to large, central station turbines
- * Use with Kawasaki turbine





President's Commission on Critical Infrastructure Protection Highlights Vulnerabilities and Interdependencies



CEC/PIER is Already Providing a Stream of Products Consistent with the California Energy Action Plan (CEAP)

CEAP Goal

PIER Issue

Products

Optimize efficiency, Reduce demand

Reduce per capita energy use





Ensure power supply meet RPS

MEET RPS

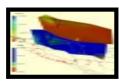




Upgrade T&D structure

T&D System must be reliable and congestion-free





Promote DG

Peak demand reduction Low emissions DG Reliable, affordable DG



Ensure reliable supply of NG

Meet marketplace needs





Successful Relationships Are Critical pier to Enhancement of Our Activities

- * Success in connecting with peers in DOE and other agencies
 - Collaborative funding
 - Enhanced CEC visibility: Making a difference on a national level
- * Maintaining ties with successful private sector firms
 - Stream of products to market
 - Markets must include other states and countries
- * Tying our programs to other state activities and regulations
 - Political strength of programs, i.e. ARB, ADF, DWR, SVMB
 - Linkage of R&D to implementation: i.e. CEC Efficiency, CEC Renewables, CEC energy Export Program



Driving to a Sustainable Future: The "E"s are Linked



- * Environment
- * Energy
- * Economics
- * Equity
- * Education







